

superimposing or bonding said protective member side of said protected assembly to a display member.

13. The method of claim 10 wherein said laminated polarizing film is formed by laminating a TAC film or CAB film that does not possess birefringence and a drawn PVA film that has a polarizing function onto a transparent support with an adhesive agent interposed so that the TAC film or CAB film is located on the side of said adhesive agent;

14. The method of claim 10 wherein spaces between specified positions of said resist members are left unfilled.

15. The method of claim 10 wherein said polarizing film does not possess birefringence.

16. The method of claim 10 wherein members that do not possess birefringence are used as said protective member.

17. The claim of claim 11 wherein right-eye image display parts are disposed in said specified positions on said drawn PVA film and left-eye image display parts are disposed in spaces between said specified positions.

18. The method of claim 13 wherein said TAC film is approximately 126  $\mu\text{m}$ . thick.

19. The method of claim 10 wherein said PVA is unilaterally drawn and approximately 38  $\mu\text{m}$ .

20. The method of claim 13 wherein said laminated polarizing film is a  $\frac{1}{2}$  wave plate.

21. The method of claim 1 wherein said immersion in hot water comprises immersion for approximately 30 seconds at a temperature of 80° C.

22. A 3D polarizer for use with a 3D display comprising:

a support;

an adhesive agent;

a laminated polarizing film;

resist members having right eye image display parts;

space areas having left-eye image display parts; and

a protective member, wherein said 3D polarizer is manufactured according to the method of claims 10-21.

23. The polarizer of claim 22 wherein said laminated polarizing film comprises a lamination of TAC and PVA film.